

47BC

In Rome, the spring equinox
came in June

It was 3 months out of
the way ?

Spring Equinox (Mar 25) ^{ordinarily} now June 25th

47BC

Caesar went from Egypt to Syria
and PONTUS where he defeated
PHARNACES II.

47 BC \rightarrow 30 BC

Pholomy XIV (Pholomy Caesarion)
son of Cleopatra (almost certainly)
with Julius Caesar. He became
joint ruler with his sister
Octavian had him put to
death

47 BC → 30 BC.

CAESARION was the son
of Julius Caesar and Cleopatra.
He was put to death by
order of Augustus (when he was
octavian)

PTOLEMY XIV (Ptolemy
Caesarion) joint ruler of
Egypt with his mother
Cleopatra

47BC

IDUMAEAN ANTIPATER sought
to ingratiate himself with the
Romans, and was so useful
to Julius Caesar in his campaign
of 47BC against Ptolemy of
Egypt that he won for himself
and for his many followers
He was assassinated in 43BC

Mar. 27, 47BC

Caesar

Caesar won his victory in Egypt
and re-established joint rule
of Ptolemy XIII and his sister-wife
Cleopatra

2 weeks later after a fortnight's
amorous respite - he left Egypt
for Rome

47 BC

Caesar

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He put down, singlehandedly, a mutiny of his army & then set out for Africa, where followers of Pompey had fled, to end their opposition led by CATO.

On his return to Rome, where he was now tribune of the people and dictator, he had four great triumphs and pardoned all his enemies.

He set about reforming living conditions of the people by passing Agrarian laws and by improving housing accommodations. He also drew up elaborate plans (Augustus later used) for consolidating the empire and establishing it securely.

46 BC - 45 BC In this winter he was in Spain putting down

the last of the consular party under Gaius Pompeius,
the son of Pompey

Sept. 45 BC - Returned to Rome.

44 BC - Was elected to his fifth consulship

44 BC - Became dictator for life and set about
planning a campaign against Parthia, the
only real menace to Rome's borders.

His dictatorial powers aroused great resentment
conspiracy against him CILBER, CASCA
C. CASSIUS LONGINUS & M. JUNIUS BRUTUS

15 Mar 44 BC Stabbed to death in senate house.

His will left everything to his 18 year-old
grandnephew Octavian (later Augustus). It
is a curious fact that Caesar probably knew of
the conspiracy but made no attempt to defend

Dec. 47 BC

Caesar crossed to North Africa. He obtained a victory at THAPSUS over the POMPEIAN forces there.

47BC

Caesar went to Anatolia where he
defeated Pompey's ally, PHARNACES,
King of Bosphorus at ZELA: (Veni, Vidi, Vici)
He returned to Rome.